

§2.4 (PART 1): DETERMINING LIMITS OF FUNCTIONS

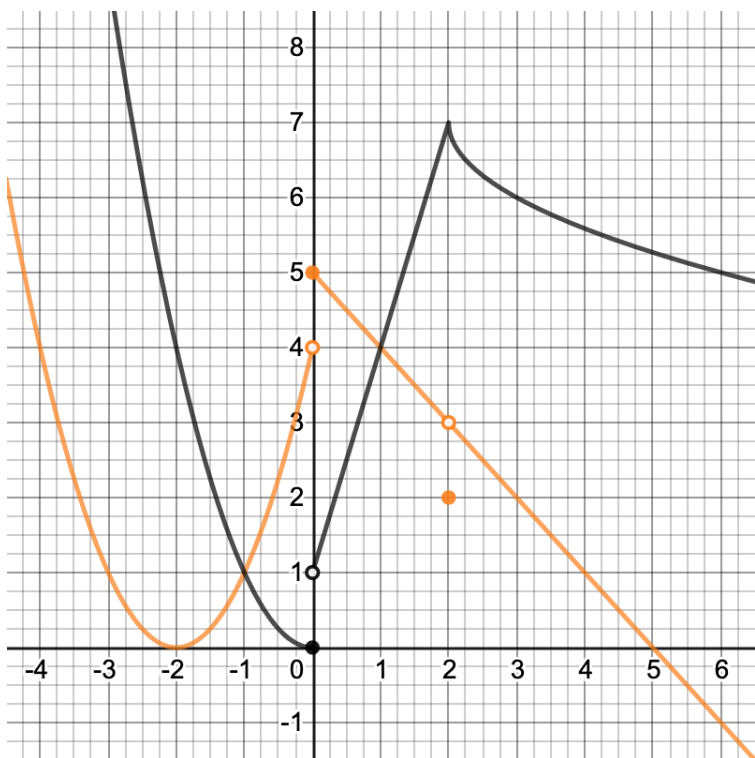
1.] Assuming  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) = 8$ ,  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} g(x) = 3$ , and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} h(x) = 2$ , compute the following limits:

a.)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (f(x) - g(x))$

b.)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left[ \frac{f(x)}{g(x) - h(x)} \right]$

c.)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \sqrt[3]{f(x)g(x) + 3}$

2.] Consider the graph of  $f(x)$  (black) and  $g(x)$  (orange) below. Compute the following limits, if possible, using the limit laws and the graph of each function.



a.)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left[ \frac{f(x)}{2g(x)} \right]$

b.)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left[ \frac{3}{7}f(x) + g(x) \right]$

c.)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} [f(x)g(x)]$

d.)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} [f(x)g(x)]$

e.)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} [f(x)g(x)]$

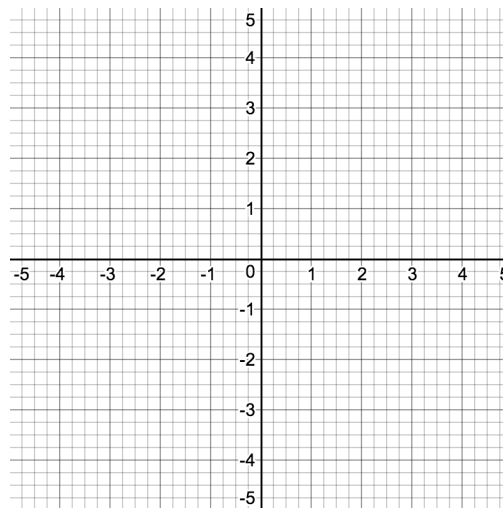
Use the graph above to compute the limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} [g(x) - f(x)]$

3.] Compute the following limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (2x^4 + x^3 - 3x^2 + 7)$

4.] Compute the following limit:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2x^3 - 5x + 1}{2x - x^2}$

5.] Determine the following limits and provide a sketch of the graph of the function.

a.)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1}$



b.)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{9 - x}{3 - \sqrt{x}}$

