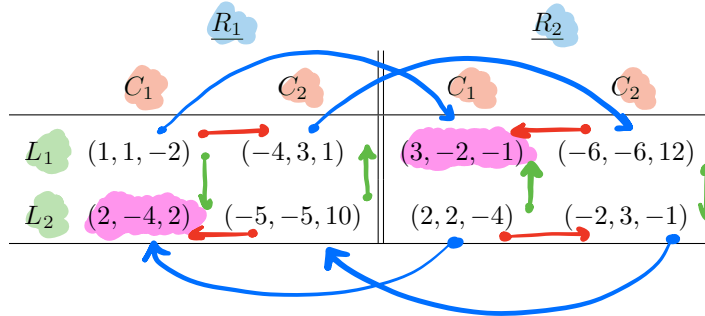


### §14.5: THREE-PERSON CONSTANT-SUM GAME

1.] Consider the following three-person zero-sum game:



- Nash Equilibria

a.) Determine the Nash equilibria.

$(L_2, C_1, R_1) \rightarrow (2, -4, 2)$        $(L_1, C_1, R_2) \rightarrow (3, -2, -1)$

b.) Assuming coalitions are possible, determine the three “two-person” zero-sum games based on each coalition.

C-R Coalition

Payoff for L

	$y_1$ $C_1R_1$	$y_2$ $C_2R_1$	$y_2$ $C_1R_2$	$y_2$ $C_2R_2$
$x_1$ L1	1	-4	3	-6
$1-x_1$ L2	2	-5	2	-2
	2	-4	3	-2

$C_1R_1: x_1 + 2(1-x_1) \rightarrow v \leq -x_1 + 2$   
 $C_2R_1: -4x_1 - 5(1-x_1) \rightarrow v \leq x_1 - 5$   
 $C_1R_2: 3x_1 + 2(1-x_1) \rightarrow v \leq x_1 + 2$   
 $C_2R_2: -6x_1 - 2(1-x_1) \rightarrow v \leq -4x_1 - 2$

$-5 \leq v \leq -4 \rightarrow$  Mixed Strategies needed

L-R Coalition

Payoff for C

	$L_1R_1$	$L_2R_1$	$L_1R_2$	$L_2R_2$
$C_1$	1	-4	-2	2
$C_2$	3	-5	-6	3
	3	-4	-2	3

Pure Strategy:  $(L_2, C_1, R_1) \rightarrow (2, -4, 2)$

$v = -4 \rightarrow$  Pure Saddle Solution

L-C Coalition

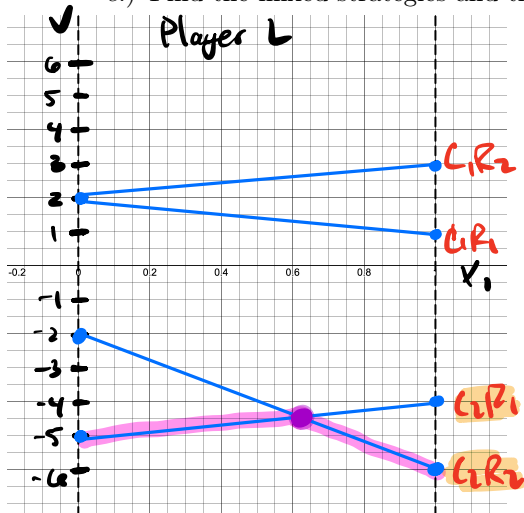
Payoff for R

	$y_1$ $L_1C_1$	$y_2$ $L_2C_1$	$y_2$ $L_1C_2$	$y_2$ $L_2C_2$
$x_1$ R1	-2	2	1	10
$1-x_1$ R2	-1	-4	12	-1
	-1	2	12	10

$L_1C_1: -2x_1 - (1-x_1) \rightarrow v \leq -x_1 - 1$   
 $L_2C_1: 2x_1 - 4(1-x_1) \rightarrow v \leq 6x_1 - 4$   
 $L_1C_2: x_1 + 12(1-x_1) \rightarrow v \leq -11x_1 + 12$   
 $L_2C_2: 10x_1 - (1-x_1) \rightarrow v \leq 11x_1 - 1$

$-2 \leq v \leq -1 \rightarrow$  Mixed Strategies needed

c.) Find the mixed strategies and the value of the game for each player in the C-R coalition game.



**Player L**

$$L_1R_1: V \leq -x_1 + 2$$

$$L_2R_1: V \leq x_1 - 5$$

$$L_1R_2: V \leq x_1 + 2$$

$$L_2R_2: V \leq -4x_1 - 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 - 5 &= -4x_1 - 2 \\ \Rightarrow 5x_1 &= 3 \\ \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = 3/5 \\ x_2 = 2/5 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

**Coalition C-R**

$$y_{11} = y_{12} = 0, y_{21} = 1 - y_{21}$$

$$L_1: -4y_{21} - 6(1 - y_{21}) = 2y_{21} - 6$$

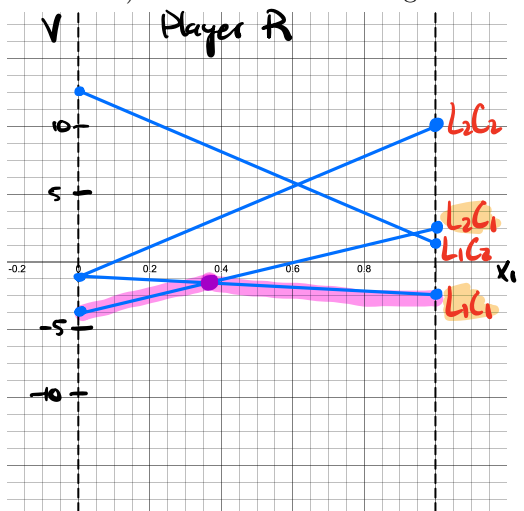
$$L_2: -5y_{21} - 2(1 - y_{21}) = -3y_{21} - 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2y_{21} - 6 &= -3y_{21} - 2 \\ \Rightarrow 5y_{21} &= 4 \\ \Rightarrow \begin{cases} y_{21} = 4/5 \\ y_{22} = 1/5 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

Strategies used:  $L_1C_2R_1, L_1C_2R_2, L_2C_2R_1, L_2C_2R_2$

Values:  $\frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{4}{5} (-4, 3, 1) + \frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{5} (-6, -6, 2) + \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{4}{5} (-5, -5, 10) + \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{5} (-2, 2, -1) = \boxed{\text{Payoffs } (-4.4, -0.64, 5.04)}$

d.) Find the mixed strategies and the value of the game for each player in the L-C coalition game.



**Player R**

$$L_1C_1: V \leq -x_1 - 1$$

$$L_2C_1: V \leq 6x_1 - 4$$

$$L_1C_2: V \leq -11x_1 + 12$$

$$L_2C_2: V \leq 11x_1 - 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} -x_1 - 1 &= 6x_1 - 4 \\ \Rightarrow 7x_1 &= 3 \\ \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = 3/7 \\ x_2 = 4/7 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

**Coalition L-C**

$$y_{12} = y_{22} = 0, y_{21} = 1 - y_{11}$$

$$L_1: -2y_{11} + 2(1 - y_{11}) = -4y_{11} + 2$$

$$L_2: -y_{11} - 4(1 - y_{11}) = 3y_{11} - 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} -4y_{11} + 2 &= 3y_{11} - 4 \\ \Rightarrow 7y_{11} &= 6 \\ \Rightarrow \begin{cases} y_{11} = 6/7 \\ y_{21} = 1/7 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

Strategies used:  $L_1C_1R_1, L_1C_1R_2, L_1C_2R_1, L_2C_2R_2$

Values:  $\frac{3}{7} \cdot \frac{6}{7} (1, 1, -2) + \frac{3}{7} \cdot \frac{1}{7} (2, 4, 2) + \frac{4}{7} \cdot \frac{6}{7} (3, -2, -1) + \frac{4}{7} \cdot \frac{1}{7} (2, 2, -4) = \boxed{\text{Payoffs } (2.12, -0.69, -1.43)}$

e.) Determine the characteristic function of the game.

**Payoffs:**

- L vs. C-R:  $(-4.4, -0.64, 5.04)$
- C vs. L-R:  $(2, -4, 2)$
- R vs. L-C:  $(2.12, -0.69, -1.43)$

**Summary:**

- L prefers a coalition with C
- C prefers a coalition with R
- R prefers a coalition with C
- The C-R coalition will likely form unless L can offer more winnings to L than R can.

**Characteristic Function:**

- $V(\emptyset) = 0$
- $V(C) = -4$
- $V(R) = -1.43$
- $V(L) = -4.4$
- $V(L-C) = 1.43$
- $V(L-R) = 4$
- $V(L-C-R) = 0$
- $V(C-R) = 4$